

Instructions for Form 1042-S

Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income
Subject to Withholding

2026

Volume 3 of 3



Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

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19. Income code 23 (other income) should be used only to report U.S. source FDAP income that is not reportable under any other available income code.

If you paid more than one type of income to or on behalf of the same recipient, you must complete a separate Form 1042-S for each income type.

Note: Although income codes are provided for short-term OID and notional principal contract income, those items are not always subject to reporting on Form 1042-S. For example, short-term OID may need to be reported by an NQI or a flow-through entity if those amounts are paid to foreign persons and another withholding agent backup withheld on those amounts under the presumption rules. Notional principal contract income is reportable if it is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States or results in the

payment of interest under Regulations section 1.446-3(g)(4) or a dividend equivalent under section 871(m) and the regulations thereunder (for which a Form 1042-S is required). For more information, see the regulations under chapter 3 and [*Pub. 515*](#).

Box 2—Gross Income

For each income type, enter the gross amount you paid (in whole dollars) to or on behalf of the recipient during the calendar year, including withheld tax. See, however, the instructions for boxes 16a through 16e, later, for when you must issue a separate Form 1042-S (or several Forms 1042-S) for income attributable to a PTP distribution. The following other special procedures apply to the reporting of gross income.

- You must report the entire amount of a corporate distribution made with respect to stock even if you elect to reduce the amount of withholding on the distribution

because all or a part of the distribution is nontaxable or represents a capital gain dividend.

- You must report the entire amount of a payment if you do not know at the time of payment the amount that is subject to withholding because the determination of the source of the income or the calculation of the amount of income subject to tax depends upon facts that are not known at the time of payment.
- If you applied the escrow procedure under chapters 3 and 4, report the entire amount of a payment that you previously reported in a prior calendar year for which you withheld tax but did not deposit such tax under the escrow procedure if the liability is due in the current calendar year.
- You must report the entire amount of gains relating to the disposal of timber, coal, or domestic iron ore with a retained

economic interest, and gains relating to contingent payments received from the sale or exchange of patents, copyrights, and similar intangible property.

- You must report only the amount of cash paid on notional principal contracts.
- If reporting payments to artists or athletes who have signed a central withholding agreement (income code 43), you must report the gross amount paid to the artist or athlete in box 2 (without any consideration to the expenses to be taken into account for purposes of determining the amount of withholding tax pursuant to the central withholding agreement).
- You must report the entire amount of any dividend equivalent as determined under Regulations sections 1.871-15(i) and (j).

Box 3

Chapter indicator. If you are reporting amounts in boxes 7 through 9, enter either "3" or "4" to indicate whether the amounts were withheld (or paid by the withholding agent) pursuant to chapter 3 or chapter 4. If you are reporting tax withheld under section 5000C, or backup withholding was applied under the presumption rules, enter "3" as if the tax were a chapter 3 tax.

Note: Either "3" or "4" (but not both) must be entered on each Form 1042-S. If you are not reporting amounts in boxes 7 through 9 because you did not withhold under chapter 3 or 4, you should enter "3."

If you are reporting payments to U.S. payees, enter "3" and leave boxes 3a and 3b blank.

Boxes 3a and 4a—Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 Exemption Codes

The applicable chapter 3 or 4 exemption code (01 through 24) from Appendix B, later, may be required to be entered if:

- The tax rate you entered in box 3b is applied at a reduced rate or if the payment is exempt from withholding, or
- The tax rate you entered in box 4b is 00.00.

In certain cases, more than one exemption code will apply. See the instructions below for the applicable codes to determine which code to use.

If an amount was withheld under chapter 4 (the tax rate you entered in box 4b is greater than zero and is not due to backup withholding), enter "00" in box 4a. If the tax rate you entered in box 4b is 00.00, you must enter the applicable exemption code (13 through 21) in box 4a.

If an amount was withheld under chapter 3 (the tax rate you entered in box 3b is 30.00 and is not due to backup withholding), enter “00” in box 3a. If the tax rate you entered in box 3b is due to backup withholding, leave box 3a blank.

If chapter 3 exemption code 01 or chapter 4 exemption code 14 (effectively connected income) applies, you must enter the recipient’s U.S. TIN in box 13i if you report the income as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. If the recipient’s U.S. TIN is unknown or unavailable, you must withhold tax at the rate of 30% (30.00) and enter “00” in boxes 3a and 4a.

Chapter 3 Exemption Codes

Note: A withholding agent should use the chapter 3 exemption code that most closely applies.

A withholding agent should use chapter 3 exemption code 02 (exempt or reduced withholding under IRC) only if none of the other chapter 3 exemption codes apply.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 04 (exempt or reduced withholding under tax treaty) only if withholding at a reduced rate of withholding or if income is exempt from withholding pursuant to an income tax treaty. Note that if reporting exemption code 04, the country code entered in box 13b must be a country with which the United States has entered into an income tax treaty.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 06 (QI that assumes primary withholding responsibility) only if it is making a payment to a QI that has represented on its Form W-8IMY that it is assuming primary withholding responsibility under chapters 3 and 4.

However, if the payment is made to a QI that is acting as a QDD with respect to the payment, the withholding agent should instead use exemption code 22 (QDD that assumes primary withholding responsibility).

A withholding agent should use exemption code 07 (withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust) only if it is making a payment to a foreign partnership or trust that has represented on its Form W-8IMY that it is a WP or WT.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 08 (U.S. branch treated as U.S. person) for chapter 3 purposes only if it is making a payment to a U.S. branch or to a territory FI and it has represented on its Form W-8IMY that it agrees to be treated as a U.S. person.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 10 (QI represents that income is exempt) for chapter 3 purposes only if it makes a payment to a QI that has not assumed primary withholding responsibility

under chapters 3 and 4 or primary backup withholding responsibility, but has represented on a withholding statement associated with its Form W-8IMY that the income is exempt from withholding.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 11 (QSL that assumes primary withholding responsibility) for chapter 3 purposes only if the withholding agent makes a substitute dividend payment to a financial institution (including a QI) that represented on its Form W-8IMY that it is acting as a QSL for the account associated with the form.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 12 (payee subjected to chapter 4 withholding) for chapter 3 purposes if the recipient has been withheld upon under chapter 4 and thus chapter 3 withholding does not apply. When reporting a payment subject to chapter 4 withholding, ensure that 30% tax is withheld, remitted to the IRS, and correctly reported on Form 1042-S.

See Special instructions for use of chapter 3 exemption codes, later.

A withholding agent should use chapter 3 exemption code 23 for distributions made by a QIE to a qualified foreign pension fund (or an entity all of the interests of which are held by a qualified foreign pension fund) that are exempt under section 897(l).

A withholding agent should use chapter 3 exemption code 24 for income paid to a foreign government or an international organization that is exempt under section 892.

Chapter 4 Exemption Codes

A withholding agent should use exemption code 13 (grandfathered payment) for chapter 4 purposes only if the withholding agent makes a payment under a grandfathered obligation (as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-2(b)(2)) and exemption code 13 is the only exemption code that applies.

If another exemption code applies, it should be used instead of exemption code 13.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 15 (payee not subject to chapter 4 withholding) for chapter 4 purposes if the payment is a withholdable payment (as defined in Regulations section 1.1473-1(a)) but has not been withheld upon under chapter 4 because of the payee's chapter 4 status. Also, use exemption code 15 if the withholding agent applies the 90-day grace period for a withholdable payment following a change in circumstances.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 16 (excluded nonfinancial payment) for chapter 4 purposes for payments described in Regulations section 1.1473-1(a)(4)(iii). However, the withholding agent should only use exemption code 16 if it is the only exemption code that applies. If another exemption code applies, it should be used instead of exemption code 16.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 17 (foreign entity that assumes primary withholding responsibility) for chapter 4 purposes only if it makes a payment to a QI that assumes primary withholding responsibility, a WP, or a WT.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 18 (U.S. payees of participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI) for chapter 4 purposes only if it makes a payment to a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI and only to the extent represented on such FFI's withholding statement associated with its Form W-8IMY that the payment is allocable to a chapter 4 withholding rate pool of U.S. payees and the FFI certifies on its withholding certificate that the FFI meets the requirements to include the account holder in a withholding rate pool of U.S. payees.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 20 (dormant account) for chapter 4 purposes only if it makes a withholdable payment to a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI that represented on its withholding statement associated with its Form W-8IMY that the payment is allocable to a dormant account holder for which the escrow procedure of Regulations section 1.1471-4(b)(6) applies.

A withholding agent should use exemption code 21 (other payment not subject to chapter 4 withholding) for chapter 4 purposes if the payment is exempt from chapter 4 withholding and no other chapter 4 exemption code applies. A withholding agent should also use exemption code 21 when using income code 37 (return of capital) to report nondividend payments.

If you have failed to provide a withholding agent with appropriate information regarding the status of the person to whom you are

making a payment, the other withholding agent may be required to withhold on the payment based on the presumption rules. If the income is in fact exempt from withholding or subject to a reduced rate of withholding, and the account holder requests a corrected form, you must submit a Form 1042-S providing the correct information. In this situation, you must:

- Indicate the correct rate of withholding that should have been applied to the income in boxes 3b or 4b;
- Enter the appropriate exemption codes, if any, in boxes
- 3a and 4a;
- Enter the actual amount of U.S. federal tax withheld by the other withholding agent in box 8;
- Provide the name and address of the actual recipient in boxes 13a through 13h

along with the other required information for the recipient;

- Provide the name and EIN of the other withholding agent that actually withheld and deposited the tax (primary withholding agent) in boxes 14a and 14b; and
- Report the account holder's U.S. TIN, if provided.

Caution: If you submit Form 1042-S as described above, you must also submit Form 1042 and issue a Form 1042-S to each recipient (including any unknown recipient or U.S. payee) of the income to which withholding was applied.

Special instructions for use of chapter 3 exemption codes. If an amount was withheld under chapter 4, you may also include a chapter 3 exemption code and tax rate in boxes 3a and 3b to show the rate that would otherwise apply as if the payment had

been later determined to be exempt from withholding under chapter 4. This may be done, for example, to assist the beneficial owner in pursuing a claim for refund. In such a case, enter “4” as the chapter indicator in box 3 to show that withholding was applied under chapter 4.

Boxes 3b and 4b—Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 Tax Rates

Enter the correct rate of withholding that applies to the income in box 2 (gross income) or box 6 (net income), as appropriate. In the case of a payment subject to chapter 4 withholding, the correct rate of withholding is “30.00.” If the amount reported in box 2 is not subject to chapter 4 withholding or is not a withholdable payment, you must enter “00.00” in box 4b and provide the applicable exemption code in box 4a. For purposes of chapter 3 withholding, see Valid Tax Rate Table. The correct tax rate should be included even if you withheld at a different rate.

For example, if an NQI that is a participating FFI is reporting dividends paid to a beneficial owner who is exempt from withholding under chapter 4 and a resident of a country with which the United States does not have a tax treaty and a U.S. withholding agent paid the dividend and incorrectly withheld only 15% under chapter 3 (rather than the required 30%) and the NQI withholds an additional 15% under chapter 3, the NQI should report “30.00” in box 3b. See *Example 18*, earlier, under *Multiple Withholding Agent Rule*. The tax rate on dividends paid to a corporation created or organized in, or under the law of, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico may be 10%, rather than 30%. See [Pub. 515](#) for more information.

In the case of a specified federal procurement payment subject to section 5000C withholding, the correct rate of withholding is 2% or “02.00.”

For Form 1042-S purposes, report tax withheld under section 5000C in box 3b as if the tax were a chapter 3 tax.

Enter the tax rate using the following format: two digits, a decimal point, and two digits (for example, "30.00" for 30%). However, if the income is exempt from tax under a U.S. tax treaty or the Internal Revenue Code, enter "00.00." If the tax rate is less than 10%, enter a zero before the tax rate (for example, "04.00" for 4%).

Caution: If you withheld at more than one tax rate for a specific type of income that you paid to the same recipient, you must file a separate Form 1042-S for each amount to which a separate rate was applied.

Valid Tax Rate Table

00.00	10.00	24.00
02.00	12.00	25.00
04.00	12.50	27.50
04.90	14.00	28.00
04.95	15.00	30.00
05.00	17.50	37.00
07.00	20.00	
08.00	21.00	

Exception for central withholding agreements. If you are the designated withholding agent who has entered into a central withholding agreement and you report an amount in box 2 using income code 43 (earnings as an artist or athlete—central withholding agreement),

you must enter a tax rate in box 3b and you must include chapter 4 exemption code 16 (excluded nonfinancial payment) in box 4a.

Box 5—Withholding Allowance

This box should be completed only if the income code reported in box 1 is 16 (scholarship or fellowship grants), 17 (compensation for independent personal services), 18 (compensation for dependent personal services), 19 (compensation for teaching), 20 (compensation during studying and training), or 42 (earnings as an artist or athlete—no central withholding agreement), and there is a valid treaty claim that provides an exemption from withholding up to a specific amount. Report the amount exempt from withholding here. This box should not be used for reporting a personal exemption. If you are a designated withholding agent that has entered into a central withholding agreement with the IRS,

leave this box blank and report the gross amount paid to the recipient in box 2. See [*Pub. 515*](#) for more information.

Box 6—Net Income

Complete this box only if you entered an amount in box 5. Otherwise, leave it blank.

Boxes 7a Through 11—Federal Tax Withheld

Box 7a. Enter the total amount of U.S. federal tax you actually withheld in box 7a under chapter 3 or 4. If you did not withhold any tax, enter “-0-.”

Caution: Box 7a must be completed in all cases, even if no tax has been deposited.

Box 7b. A withholding agent that withheld tax during the calendar year and that was not required to deposit with the IRS the tax withheld during the calendar year pursuant to the escrow procedure under Regulations sections 1.1471-2(a)(5)(ii) and/or 1.1441-

3(d) must check box 7b. A withholding agent reporting payments pursuant to the escrow procedure must report such payments on separate Forms 1042-S. Box 7b must only be checked when using the escrow procedures as specified above.

If you are a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI that, for chapter 4 purposes, applied the escrow procedure for dormant accounts, if the payment is also an amount subject to chapter 3 withholding and tax is withheld and deposited under chapter 3, do not check box 7b. Instead, enter “3” in box 3 and complete box 3b to report the tax withheld under chapter 3.

Box 7c. Check box 7c if you are a partnership that received an amount subject to withholding during the 2026 calendar year (preceding year) and you are withholding on the amount includible in a foreign partner’s share after March 15 of the subsequent year (2027).

Only check this box if you designated the deposit as attributable to the preceding year (2026). In such a case, the partnership will be required to report the associated income and tax withheld on Forms 1042 and 1042-S for the preceding year. If a partnership withholds on a foreign partner's share of income after March 15 of the subsequent year, the due date for filing and furnishing the applicable Form(s) 1042-S is September 15 of the subsequent year (2027). For example, if a partnership withholds on April 1, 2027, with respect to a foreign partner's share of undistributed income for the 2026 calendar year, the partnership may designate the deposit as made for 2026 and report the liability and tax withheld on the 2026 Form 1042 and the 2026 Form 1042-S for the partner. The partnership must also ensure that its chapter 3 status code on such forms properly reflects its status as a partnership (including as a WP).

The extended deadline of September 15, 2026, is also applicable when a partnership is reporting on Form 1042-S an allocation of income made after March 15 of the subsequent year to a foreign partner for the prior year, but no withholding is required on the income. In such a case, box 7c must also be checked even if there is no withholding. For more information, see proposed regulations issued on December 18, 2018 ([REG-132881-17](#)).

Box 7d. Check this box only if you are a QI, WP, or WT that originally filed a Form 1042-S to report an amount subject to withholding in a withholding rate pool and you are revising the amounts reported to report to a specific recipient in accordance with the provisions of the QI agreement ([Rev. Proc. 2022-43](#)) or the WP/WT agreement ([Rev. Proc. 2017-21](#)).

Note: This box should be checked on both the new Form 1042-S that is issued to a specific recipient and the amended Form

1042-S that is filed to revise the amounts reported to a withholding rate pool.

Note: When filing Forms 1042-S to revise reporting to withholding rate pools and report to a specific recipient after a Form 1042 has been filed, the Form 1042 must be amended to reflect the changes to the total Forms 1042-S filed on lines 61a or 61b.

Box 8. If you are a withholding agent filing a Form 1042-S to report income that has already been subject to withholding by another withholding agent, enter the amount actually withheld by the other agent(s) in box 8.

However, a withholding agent (including a QSL) may not claim in box 8 a credit for prior withholding by another withholding agent on substitute dividends paid in a series of stock loans or stock repurchase agreements. See [FAQ 26](#) under the General compliance section of FATCA FAQs general.

Box 9—Overwithheld tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures.

This box should be completed only if you repaid a recipient under the reimbursement or set-off procedure during the 2027 calendar year in accordance with the requirements of Regulations section 1.1461-2(a)(2) or (3) (for withholding under chapter 3), or Regulations section 1.1474-2(a)(3) or (4) (for withholding under chapter 4).

If you repaid the recipient under the reimbursement or set-off procedure during the 2026 calendar year, do not complete box 9. Instead, reduce the amount of withholding reported in box 7a.

In most cases, an intermediary or a flow-through entity should not enter an amount in box 9 unless it is a QI that represented on its Form W-8IMY that it is assuming primary withholding responsibility or is a WP or WT.

Caution: The adjustment for amounts overwithheld applies to partnerships, brokers, or nominees required to withhold under sections 1446(a) and (f) starting in 2023.

Note: If the withholding agent meets the above requirements, the withholding agent may make adjustments to overwithholding using either the reimbursement or set-off procedure until the extended due date for filing Form 1042-S (or, if earlier, the date on which the Form 1042-S is either filed or furnished). Additionally, a withholding agent may use the extended due date for filing a Form 1042 to claim a credit for any adjustments made to overwithholding.

Box 10. Enter in box 10 the combined amounts reported in box 7a (federal tax withheld), box 8 (tax withheld by other agents), and box 9 (overwithheld tax repaid to recipient pursuant to adjustment procedures).

Example. If the box 7a amount is \$600, the box 8 amount is \$120, and the box 9 amount is (\$50), the box 10 amount will equal \$670.

Caution: Box 10 must be completed in all cases, even if no tax has been deposited.

Box 11—Tax paid by withholding agent (amounts not withheld). Enter the total amount of tax paid by you and not withheld from the payment to the recipient. The amounts reported in box 11 should be the amounts paid by the withholding agent from its own funds rather than through withholding from the payment to the recipient. Any amount reported in this box must not be included in box 10.

Box 12a—Withholding Agent's EIN

You are required to enter your EIN. However, if you are filing Form 1042-S as a QI, WP, or WT, enter your QI-EIN, WP-EIN, or WT-EIN.

The withholding agent's EIN cannot be truncated.

If you don't have an EIN, you may apply for one online by going to [IRS.gov/EIN](https://www.irs.gov/ein). If you are outside the United States, you may also apply for an EIN by calling 267-941-1099 (not a toll-free number). You may also apply for an EIN by faxing or mailing Form SS-4 to the IRS. File amended Forms 1042-S when you receive your EIN.

To get a QI-EIN, WP-EIN, or WT-EIN, submit Form SS-4 with your application for that status. (See the definitions for qualified intermediary (QI) and withholding foreign partnership (WP) or withholding foreign trust (WT) under *Definitions*, earlier, for more information.)

Boxes 12b and 12c—Withholding Agent's Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 Status Codes

Enter the withholding agent status code(s) from the list of Recipient Status Codes in Appendix B, later. You must enter both a chapter 3 and a chapter 4 withholding agent status code regardless of the type of payment

being made. If you are a U.S. financial institution, indicate your chapter 4 status code as 01, except when a foreign branch of a U.S. financial institution issues Form 1042-S (in such a case, indicate the chapter 4 status code as 50).

Note: Withholding agents that are U.S. governmental entities or U.S. tax-exempt entities, including colleges and universities, and other U.S. tax-exempt entities under the Internal Revenue Code other than under section 501(c), may use chapter 3 status code 41 (U.S. government entity or tax exempt entity (other than section 501(c) entities)) for box 12b.

Note: A withholding agent should in general select the chapter 3 status code that most closely applies with its status based on the available codes. For example, if a U.S. financial institution

(which checks chapter 4 status code 01, as such, unless it is a foreign branch) is a corporation, it should use chapter 3 status code 15 (corporation).

Note: A withholding agent that is a partnership and is reporting allocations of QDD items to its partners should use chapter 3 status code 40 (partnership QDD).

Boxes 12d Through 12m—Withholding Agent’s Name, GIIN, Country Code, FTIN (if any), and Address

Enter your name and address in the appropriate boxes. If your post office does not deliver mail to the street address and you have a P.O. box, show the box number instead of the street address.

Note: On statements furnished to individual recipients of U.S. source deposit interest, in addition to your name and address, you must include the telephone number of a person to contact.

This number must provide direct access to an individual who can answer questions about the statement. The telephone number is not required on Copy A of paper forms or on electronically filed forms.

Box 12e—Withholding agent’s GIIN. The GIIN provided, if any, should be the GIIN issued to the branch of, or disregarded entity owned by, the participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI that is making the payment.

Box 12f—Country code. You must enter the code (from the list at [IRS.gov/CountryCodes](https://www.irs.gov/CountryCodes)) for the country for which you are resident under that country’s tax laws. Enter “OC” (other country) only when the country of residence does not appear on the list.

Note: If the withholding agent is a U.S. person or a foreign branch of a U.S. person, enter “US” in box 12f.

Boxes 13a Through 13h—Recipient's Name, Country Code, and Address

Box 13a—Recipient's name. Enter the complete name of the recipient in box 13a.

- If you do not know the name of the recipient, or are required to use the recipient status codes for an unknown recipient, enter "Unknown Recipient." Also enter "Unknown Recipient" if you pay an amount realized subject to section 1446(f) withholding to an NQI and you do not agree with the NQI to report the NQI's account holders on Form 1042-S.
- If Form 1042-S is being completed by a QI, WP, or WT for a chapter 3 withholding rate pool or chapter 4 withholding pool, enter "Withholding rate pool" if withholding under chapter 3 was applied, or, if chapter 4 withholding was applied, a description of the chapter 4 reporting pool (for example, "Nonparticipating FFI Pool") in box 13a.

- A withholding agent reporting payments made to a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI with respect to a chapter 4 reporting pool must include the name and address of the FFI in boxes 13a through 13k as well as the FFI's GIIN and country code. The GIIN reported must be the GIIN of the branch to whom the withholding agent is making the payment.
- A QI reporting payments made to a PAI on a withholding rate pool basis must include the name and address of the PAI in boxes 13a through 13k.
- In the case of foreign joint owners, Form 1042-S can only list one of the owners as the recipient in box 13a. Form 1042-S must not be completed with more than one of the joint owners as the recipient.
- If the recipient is a QI acting as a QDD with respect to the payment, enter the name of the QDD (identifying the QDD by

the name used for the QDD on the Form W-8IMY it provides, which should include a branch identifier, if applicable).

- If a disregarded entity (or a branch) that is required to provide a TIN on Form W-8IMY is identified in Part II of the Form W-8BEN-E, include the name of the disregarded entity (or the jurisdiction of the branch) in parentheses after the name of the recipient.

Box 13b—Recipient’s country code. You must enter the code (from the list at [IRS.gov/CountryCodes](https://www.irs.gov/CountryCodes)) for the country of which the recipient claims residency under that country’s tax laws. Enter “OC” (other country) only when the country of residence does not appear on the list or the payment is made to an international organization (for example, the United Nations). If the recipient is unknown, leave box 13b blank and enter “Unknown Recipient” in box 13a.

If you are making a payment to a QI, QSL, WP, or WT, or if you are a QI, QSL, WP, or WT and are making a payment to a QI, WP, or WT withholding rate pool, enter the country code of the QI, QSL, WP, or WT. Also, if you are making a payment to a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI's chapter 4 reporting pool, enter the country code of the participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI or branch of or disregarded entity owned by such FFI receiving the withholdable payment and that was listed on Part II of either the Form W-8BEN-E or W-8IMY.

Note: If you are reporting a payment to a U.S. person on Form 1042-S, enter "US" as the country code.

Caution: If exemption code 04 (exempt or reduced withholding under tax treaty) appears in box 3a or if a reduced rate of withholding based on a tax treaty is entered in box 3b,

the country code entered in box 13b must be a country with which the United States has entered into an income tax treaty.

Boxes 13c through 13h—Recipient's address. In most cases, you must enter a foreign address in boxes 13c through 13h. However, there are limited exceptions. For example, you may enter a U.S. address when reporting payments of scholarship or fellowship grants (income code 16).

For addresses outside the United States or its commonwealths and territories, follow the foreign country's practice for entering the postal code.

For addresses within the United States, use the U.S. Postal Service two-letter abbreviation for the state name.

If you want to enter the recipient's account number, use box 13o.

Boxes 13i and 13l—Recipient's U.S. TIN and GIIN

You must obtain and enter a U.S. TIN for any of the following recipients.

- Any recipient whose income is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States. For these recipients (excluding a recipient receiving a payment subject to section 1446(a) or (f) withholding), enter exemption code 01 in box 3a or exemption code 14 in box 4a.
- Any foreign person claiming a reduced rate of, or exemption from, tax under a tax treaty between a foreign country and the United States, unless the recipient provides an FTIN (in such case, use box 13m), or unless the income is an unexpected payment (as described in Regulations section 1.1441-6(g)) or consists of dividends and interest from stocks and debt obligations that are

actively traded; dividends from any redeemable security issued by an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (mutual fund); dividends, interest, or royalties from units of beneficial interest in a unit investment trust that are (or were, upon issuance) publicly offered and are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933; and amounts paid with respect to loans of any of the above securities. In the latter case, you must use income code 13, 51, 52, 53, or 54.

- Any nonresident alien individual claiming exemption from tax under section 871(f) for certain annuities received under qualified plans.
- A foreign organization claiming an exemption from tax solely because of its status as a tax-exempt organization under section 501(c) or as a private foundation.

- Any QI other than a disclosing QI (which is not a recipient).
- Any WP or WT.
- Any nonresident alien individual claiming exemption from withholding on compensation for independent personal services.
- Any U.S. branch of an FFI or territory FI that is treated as a U.S. person.
- Any QSL that was paid a substitute dividend.

In all other cases, if you know the recipient's TIN or if a foreign person provides a TIN on Form W-8, but is not required to do so, you must include the TIN on Form 1042-S. A U.S. TIN is also required on a Form 1042-S used by a recipient to claim credit for (or a refund of) the withholding.

You must include a GIIN if you are required to collect a GIIN for the recipient under the requirements documenting the payee under chapter 4. If you make a payment to a disregarded entity or branch that is identified in Part II of Form W-8BEN-E, then report the GIIN of the disregarded entity or branch provided in that section.

Boxes 13j and 13k—Recipient's Chapter 3 and Chapter 4 Status Codes

Enter the recipient status code from the list of Recipient Status Codes in Appendix B, later. The following special instructions apply for **chapter 3 status codes**.

- If income code 42 (earnings as an artist or athlete—no central withholding agreement) or 43 (earnings as an artist or athlete—central withholding agreement) is used in box 1, use recipient code 22 (artist or athlete) instead of recipient code

16 (individual), 15 (corporation), or 08 (partnership other than withholding foreign partnership, publicly traded partnership, or partnership QDD).

- If you are making a payment to an NQI or a flow-through entity, in most cases you must use the recipient code that applies to the type of recipient who receives the income from the NQI or flow-through entity.
- Use recipient code 08 (partnership other than withholding foreign partnership, publicly traded partnership, or partnership QDD) only if you are reporting a payment of income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business of an NWP in the United States or that is subject to reporting under section 1446(f). You may, however, use recipient code 08 as the chapter 3 status code if you are using a chapter 4 pooled reporting code with respect to a payment made to

an NWP. See the instructions later for use of recipient codes when reporting pools. Otherwise, follow the rules that apply to payments to flow-through entities.

- Use recipient code 21 (unknown recipient) only if you have not received a withholding certificate or other documentation for a recipient or you cannot determine how much of a payment is reliably associated with a specific recipient, or you pay an amount realized subject to section 1446(f) withholding to an NQI and you do not agree with the NQI to report the NQI's account holders on Form 1042-S. Do not use this code because you cannot determine the recipient's status as an individual, a corporation, etc. The regulations under chapter 3 provide rules on how to determine a recipient's status when a withholding agent does not have the necessary information.

- Use recipient code 13 (qualified securities lender—qualified intermediary) or 14 (qualified securities lender—other) if you make a payment to a QSL.
- Only a QI may use recipient codes 29 (PAI withholding rate pool—general) and 30 (PAI withholding rate pool—exempt organization). Only a QI, WP, or WT that made a pooled reporting election for chapter 3 purposes may use recipient codes 31 (agency withholding rate pool—general), 32 (agency withholding rate pool—exempt organization), 27 (withholding rate pool—general), and 28 (withholding rate pool—exempt organization) for chapter 3 purposes. Recipient code 28 or 30 should be used only for pooled account holders that have claimed an exemption based on their tax-exempt status and not some other exemption (for example, treaty or other Internal Revenue Code exception).

A QI acting as a QDD may use only pooled reporting codes 27 and 28. If you are a QI (including a QI acting as a QDD), WP, WT, or QSL using a chapter 3 pooled reporting code with respect to a payment, do not include a chapter 4 status code unless making such payment to a PAI or certain partnerships or trusts. See *Amounts Paid to PAIs* and *Amounts Paid by QIs to Certain Partnerships and Trusts*, earlier.

- Use recipient code 35 (qualified derivatives dealer) if you make a payment to a QI that is acting as a QDD with respect to the payment.
- A U.S. withholding agent making a payment to any other QI (other than a disclosing QI) should use recipient code 12 and recipient code 09 or 11 if it is making a payment to a WP or WT, respectively.

- Use recipient code 05 (U.S. branch—treated as U.S. person) if you make a payment to a U.S. branch or territory FI treated as a U.S. person.

A **chapter 4 status code** is required only if the payment is a withholdable payment or when a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI provides a chapter 4 withholding rate pool of U.S. payees. The chapter 4 status code may be determined under the applicable IGA by a withholding agent that is an FFI subject to such an agreement. The following special instructions apply for chapter 4 status codes.

- If you are making a withholdable payment to a U.S. branch of an FFI, use the applicable chapter 4 status code for the country of residence for an entity that is a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI.

Otherwise, use the chapter 4 status code for any other foreign branch of the entity that is a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI.

- Only use recipient code 15 (nonparticipating FFI) or 30 (recalcitrant account holder) if you are reporting directly to the recipient. See *Amounts paid to an NQI or a flow-through entity of withholdable payments*, earlier. If you are reporting the chapter 4 reporting pools of recalcitrant account holders of a participating FFI, registered deemed-compliant FFI, or QI, use codes 42 through 49. Only use chapter 4 reporting pool code 48 (U.S. payees pool) if a participating FFI or registered deemed-compliant FFI has provided a Form W-8IMY certifying that it meets the requirements to include the account holder in a withholding rate pool of U.S. payees and that is associated with a

withholding statement allocating the payment or a portion of the payment to a chapter 4 withholding rate pool of U.S. payees. Only use chapter 4 reporting pool code 49 (QI-recalcitrant pool—general) if you are reporting recalcitrant account holders of a QI.

- Use recipient code 17 (U.S. branch—treated as U.S. person) if you are making a payment to a U.S. branch treated as a U.S. person (or recipient code 04 for a territory FI treated as a U.S. person).
- Use recipient code 26 (excepted NFFE—other) if you are reporting to an NFFE treated as a U.S. person.
- Only use recipient code 29 (unknown recipient) if you have not received a withholding certificate or other documentation with respect to a withholdable payment from an intermediary or a flow-through entity.

Only use this code if you also used recipient code 21 (unknown recipient) as the chapter 3 status code. If you have not received a withholding certificate or other documentation from an intermediary or a flow-through entity, you must include the entity's information in boxes 15a through 15m. You may also use recipient code 29 if you are reporting a withholdable payment to a recipient that is not subject to withholding under the terms of an IGA and the recipient's account is not required to be reported as a U.S. account or nonconsenting U.S. account (for example, an undocumented individual with no U.S. indicia).

- Use recipient code 33 (U.S. reportable account) if you are reporting the recipient's account as a U.S. reportable account under the terms of a Model 1 IGA and the recipient does not meet the applicable requirements to be included in

a pool of U.S. payees because the account holder is subject to chapter 3 withholding.

- Use recipient code 34 (nonconsenting U.S. account) if you are reporting the recipient's account as a nonconsenting U.S. account under the terms of a Model 2 IGA and the recipient does not meet the applicable requirements to be included in a pool of U.S. payees because the account holder is subject to chapter 3 withholding.
- Use recipient code 37 (undocumented preexisting obligation) for an obligation that a withholding agent has not documented and the payment being reported was made before the expiration of the time period allowed for documenting the obligation and thus the withholding agent was not required to apply the presumption rules to determine the payee's chapter 4 status.

- Use recipient code 39 (account holder of excluded financial account) if you are reporting amounts paid with respect to an obligation that is excluded from the definition of financial account for chapter 4 purposes (see Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(2)).
- Use recipient code 41 (NFFE subject to 1472 withholding) if you are reporting amounts paid to a specific recipient that is an NFFE that you (or another withholding agent) withheld upon under section 1472 (that is, you are reporting amounts in boxes 7 through 9) unless the NFFE is treated as a recalcitrant account holder under Regulations section 1.1471-5(g), in which case, use code 30 (recalcitrant account holder).
- If you received a withholding certificate or other documentation with respect to a withholdable payment from an intermediary or a flow-through entity that

is a participating FFI or deemed-compliant FFI (other than a WP, WT, or QI that assumes primary withholding responsibility) and cannot reliably associate the payment with documentation to determine the payee's chapter 4 status (or with a chapter 4 withholding rate pool), you must report the recipient as "Unknown Recipient" and include the entity's information in boxes 15a through 15m (to the extent provided).

- If you are reporting a chapter 4 pooled reporting code with respect to a withholdable payment to an intermediary or a flow-through entity, use the chapter 3 status code for the intermediary or flow-through entity as the recipient code.
- If you are a QI, WP, or WT reporting direct account holders, do not include a chapter 3 status code for the recipient if you are

using a chapter 4 reporting pool code as the recipient's chapter 4 status code.

- If you are making a withholdable payment to a recipient that is a restricted distributor (as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-5(f)(4)), use recipient code 10 (certified deemed-compliant FFI—other).

Box 13m—Recipient's FTIN

Use box 13m to enter the recipient's identification number used in the recipient's country of residence for tax purposes.

You must obtain and enter an FTIN for any of the following recipients.

- Any foreign person claiming a reduced rate of, or exemption from, tax under a tax treaty between a foreign country and the United States if such person did not provide a U.S. TIN and the income is not the type for which an exemption from the

TIN requirement applies (see the instructions for boxes 13i and 13l, earlier).

- Any recipient of a payment made with respect to a financial account (as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)) maintained at your U.S. office or branch, if you are a financial institution, to the extent that such recipient has furnished a withholding certificate that provides an FTIN, or you obtain the FTIN under the alternative procedures described in Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(2)(ii)(B), or the recipient's FTIN is identified in any of your electronically searchable information. See Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(2)(ii) for more information regarding a withholding agent's obligation to obtain and report a recipient's FTIN.

Box 13n—LOB Code

If you are making a payment for which a beneficial owner that is an entity has claimed

a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty and has provided documentation that establishes the LOB article under which the beneficial owner qualifies, enter the applicable LOB code from [Appendix B](#), later. See the [Instructions for Form W-8BEN-E](#) for a description of each of the LOB codes. If you are a QI, WP, or WT reporting a chapter 3 pool for which a reduced rate of withholding under an income tax treaty applies, do not include an LOB code.

Box 13o—Recipient's Account Number

If you are a financial institution reporting amounts paid to your direct account holder with respect to an account maintained by you at your U.S. office or U.S. branch, you must report the recipient's account number in box 13o. If the amount is paid through an NQI or a flow-through entity, you are not required to use this box.

Note: A U.S. financial institution or a U.S. branch of an FFI is required to report payments of the same type of income (as determined by the income code in box 1) made to multiple financial accounts held by the same beneficial owner at a U.S. office of such institution on a separate Form 1042-S for each account. For this purpose, a financial account is an account described in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)(1). Report the identifying number assigned to such account (or its functional equivalent in the absence of an account number for the recipient).

Box 13p—Recipient's Date of Birth

Use box 13p to enter the recipient's date of birth. The correct format if entered is YYYYMMDD (for example, enter "20001205" for a date of birth of December 5, 2000). A financial institution making a payment with respect to a financial account (as defined in Regulations section 1.1471-5(b)) maintained

at its U.S. office or U.S. branch must report the recipient's date of birth (if the recipient is an individual) to the extent that such recipient has furnished documentation that provides a date of birth or the recipient's date of birth is identified in any of the withholding agent's files. See Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(2)(ii)(B) for more information regarding a withholding agent's obligation to obtain and report a recipient's date of birth.

Boxes 14a and 14b—Primary Withholding Agent's Name and EIN

If you are an intermediary or a flow-through entity reporting amounts withheld by another withholding agent (the primary withholding agent) in box 8, you **must** provide the name and EIN of the withholding agent that withheld the tax. If multiple withholding agents withheld amounts reported on the same Form 1042-S, report the name of any one of the withholding agents that withheld amounts. Otherwise, leave blank.

Box 15—Pro-Rata Basis Reporting Checkbox

Withholding agents must check box 15 to notify the IRS that an NQI that used the alternative procedures of Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(3)(iv)(D) failed to properly comply with those procedures.

See *Pro-rata reporting to NQI*, earlier, for additional information.

Boxes 15a Through 15m— Intermediary/Flow-Through Entity's Name, Status Code, Country Code, Address, EIN, GIIN, and FTIN

If you are reporting amounts subject to reporting for chapter 3 or 4 purposes paid to a recipient whose withholding certificates or other documentation has been submitted to you (or should have been submitted to you) with a Form W-8IMY provided by an intermediary or a flow-through entity,

you must include the name and address of the intermediary or flow-through entity with whose Form W-8IMY the recipient's Form W-8 or other documentation is associated.

You must also include the intermediary or flow-through entity's chapter 3 and chapter 4 status codes and, if any, the TIN and GIIN of the intermediary or flow-through entity when provided or required to be collected by the withholding agent. If the intermediary or flow-through entity completed Part II of Form W-8IMY, then report the GIIN provided in that section. If you are making a payment to a U.S. branch not treated as a U.S. person that has certified that it is applying the rules in Regulations section 1.1471-4(d)(2)(iii)(C) (in order to avoid being withheld upon under chapter 4), use chapter 4 intermediary code 18 (U.S. branch—not treated as U.S. person (reporting under section 1471)).

Note: A withholding agent that is an intermediary or a flow-through entity will leave these boxes blank unless it is making the payment to an intermediary or a flow-through entity.

Box 15f—Country code. You must enter the country code (from the list at [IRS.gov/CountryCodes](https://www.irs.gov/CountryCodes)) for the country where the intermediary or flow-through entity is located.

Box 15g—Intermediary or flow-through entity's FTIN. Use box 15g to enter the intermediary or a flow-through entity's identifying number used in the country of residence for tax purposes. Box 15g is optional.

Boxes 16a Through 16e—Payer's Name, TIN, GIIN, and Status Code

See the definition of authorized agent, earlier, under *Definitions*.

Include the payer's name, TIN, and GIIN if different from the withholding agent shown in boxes 12a, 12d, and 12e.

If payment is being made by a transfer agent or a paying agent acting as a withholding agent on behalf of a payer, enter the chapters 3 and 4 status codes applicable to the status of the payer in boxes 16d and 16e.

If you are a nominee that is the withholding agent for the amount of a PTP distribution subject to withholding under section 1446(a) (reporting income code 27), enter the PTP's information in boxes 16a through 16e.

However, you must enter the PTP's EIN, GIIN (if any), and chapter 4 status only if included in your records for the PTP interest that relates to the distribution. This includes information in your securities master file (or similar document), or that is reported in a qualified notice issued by the PTP during the year of the distribution.

A nominee should also enter the PTP information when using income code 58 (publicly traded partnership distributions—undetermined) to report a PTP distribution or when using income code 57 to report an amount realized attributable to a PTP distribution.

Note: You must issue a separate Form 1042-S to complete boxes 16a through 16e with respect to each PTP that makes a distribution of any of these types of income to the recipient. This requirement does not apply to a withholding agent that reports to a QI as a recipient with respect to a withholding rate pool or to a QI that reports using withholding rate pools.

A PTP may be required to report the same amount of a PTP distribution on a qualified notice as subject to both section 1446(f) withholding and other chapter 3 or 4 withholding (such as under section 1446(a)).

See Regulations sections 1.1446-4(b)(4) and 1.1446(f)-4(c)(2) (iii). In this case, you must report the same amount on separate Forms 1042-S, with the appropriate income code and associated amount of withholding included on each form. Therefore, the total amounts reported on Forms 1042-S in box 2 (gross income) resulting from the distribution may, in some cases, exceed the actual amount of the distribution.

Boxes 17a Through 17c—State Income Tax Withheld and Related Information

Include in these boxes information relating to any state income tax withheld.

Amended Forms

If you file a Form 1042-S with the IRS and later discover you made an error on it, you must correct it as soon as possible. To correct a previously filed Form 1042-S, you will need to file an amended Form 1042-S.

The amended form must have the same unique form identifier as the original form that is being amended. You must check the "Amended" box and provide the amendment number. The amendment number must be numeric and the length must be exactly **one** digit. Each time that you amend the same form (as determined by the unique form identifier), you must provide the amendment number in the box provided on the form (using "1" for the first amendment and increasing sequentially for each subsequent amendment).

Caution: If you provide an amended Form 1042-S to a recipient, you must also file the amended form with the IRS.

Do not file an amended return if you provided Form 1042-S to the recipient (Copies B, C, and D) and need to make corrections to such form prior to filing with the IRS. In such a case, you should file an original Form 1042-S with the correct information.

Do not check the "Amended" box or indicate any amendment number. Provide a copy of the corrected Form 1042-S to the recipient. Note that the copies of the Form 1042-S provided to the recipients (Copies B, C, and D) must match the copy of the Form 1042-S that is filed with the IRS.

If any information you correct on Form(s) 1042-S changes the information you previously reported on Form 1042, you must also correct the Form 1042 by filing an amended return. To do this, see the [Form 1042 instructions](#).

If you are not e-filing, follow these steps to amend a previously filed Form 1042-S.

Step 1. Prepare a paper Form 1042-S.

- Enter all the correct information on the form, including the recipient name and address, money amounts, and codes.

- Enter an "X" in the "Amended" box at the top of the form and enter the amendment number.

Amended checkbox. Enter an "X" in the "Amended" checkbox of Copies A, B, C, and D only if you are amending a Form 1042-S you previously filed with the IRS. You must provide statements to recipients showing the corrections as soon as possible regardless of the change to the Form 1042-S.

Step 2. File the amended paper Form 1042-S with a Form 1042-T. See the [Form 1042-T instructions](#) for information on filing these forms.

Caution: If you fail to correct Form(s) 1042-S, you may be subject to a penalty. See [Penalties](#), earlier.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States.

Sections 1441, 1442, 1446 (for PTPs), 1471, and 1472 require withholding agents to report and pay over to the IRS taxes withheld from certain U.S. source income. Form 1042-S is used to report the amount of income and withholding to the payee. Form 1042 is used to report the amount of withholding that must be paid over to the IRS. Section 6109 requires you to provide your identification number. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. If you fail to provide this information in a timely manner, you may be liable for penalties and interest.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is 34 minutes.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of this time estimate or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can send us comments through [IRS.gov/FormComments](https://www.irs.gov/FormComments). Or you can write to Internal Revenue Service, Tax Forms and Publications, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington,

DC 20224. Do not send the form to this address. Instead, see *Where, When, and How To File*, earlier.

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